

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

JAMES D. ALLEN, aka LLORD J.P.
ALLEN,

Plaintiff,

v.

RASHUAN Q. DEAN,

Defendant(s).

Case No. 1:21-cv-01150-JLT-EPG (PC)

ORDER REQUIRING PARTIES TO
EXCHANGE DOCUMENTS

James D. Allen (“Plaintiff”) is a state prisoner proceeding *pro se* in this civil rights action filed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

On August 10, 2022, the Court issued an order requiring the parties to file scheduling and discovery statements. (ECF No. 42). The parties have now filed their statements. (ECF Nos. 43 & 44).

The Court has reviewed this case and the parties’ statements. In an effort to secure the just, speedy, and inexpensive disposition of this action,¹ the Court will direct that certain documents that are central to the dispute be promptly produced.²

¹ See, e.g., *United States v. W.R. Grace*, 526 F.3d 499, 508-09 (9th Cir. 2008) (“We begin with the principle that the district court is charged with effectuating the speedy and orderly administration of justice. There is universal acceptance in the federal courts that, in carrying out this mandate, a district court has the authority to enter pretrial case management and discovery orders designed to ensure that the relevant issues to be tried are identified, that the parties have an opportunity to engage in appropriate discovery and that the parties are adequately and timely prepared so that the trial can proceed efficiently and intelligibly.”).

² Advisory Committee Notes to 1993 Amendment to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure regarding Rule 26(a) (“The enumeration in Rule 26(a) of items to be disclosed does not prevent a court from requiring by order or local rule that the parties disclose additional information without a discovery request.”).

Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED that:

1. Each party has sixty days from the date of service of this order to serve opposing parties, or their counsel, if represented, with copies of the following documents and/or evidence that they have in their possession, custody, or control, to the extent the parties have not already done so:³
 - a. Documents regarding exhaustion of Plaintiff's claim, including 602s, Form 22s, and responses from the appeals office (including the 602s with log numbers CCI 20-00025, CCI 20-00260, CCI 20-00850, CCI 20-00772, and CCI-20-01113).
 - b. All documents regarding the Rules Violation Report associated with the incident(s) alleged in the complaint, including disciplinary charges and findings (including RVR No. 6963134 regarding an incident on January 23, 2020, and RVR No. 6975722 regarding an incident on February 25, 2020).
 - c. Documents related to Plaintiff's job performance from December 31, 2019, through March 4, 2020 (including the Work Supervisor's Report and Job Performance evaluation dated March 4, 2020).
 - d. The Classification Committee Hearing notes dated March 11, 2020.
2. If any party obtains documents and/or other evidence described above later in the case from a third party, that party shall provide all other parties with copies of the documents and/or evidence within thirty days.
3. Parties do not need to produce documents or evidence that they have already produced.
4. Parties do not need to produce documents or evidence that were provided to them by the opposing party.
5. Parties may object to producing any of the above-listed documents and/or

³ Defense counsel is requested to obtain these documents from Plaintiff's institution(s) of confinement. If defense counsel is unable to do so, defense counsel should inform Plaintiff that a third party subpoena is required.

evidence. Objections shall be filed with the Court and served on all other parties within sixty days from the date of service of this order (or within thirty days of receiving additional documents and/or evidence). The objection should include the basis for not providing the documents and/or evidence. If Defendant(s) object based on the official information privilege, Defendant(s) shall follow the procedures described in the Court's scheduling order. If a party files an objection, all other parties have fourteen days from the date the objection is filed to file a response. If any party files a response to an objection, the Court will issue a ruling on the objection.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: September 16, 2022

/s/ Eric P. Grogan
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE